CLAIMS

1. A compound, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, having the formula I:

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wherein:

R represents an alkyl or alkynyl group having 1-4
 15 carbon atoms, or a phenyl group optionally substituted by C₁₋₄ alkyl, alkylthio, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, acylamino, methylsulfonyl or methylenedioxy, or represents tetrahydronaphthyl,

- R^1 represents hydrogen, trifluoro (C_{1-4}) alkyl, alkyl or 20 alkynyl,
 - X represents hydrogen, alkyl having 1-4 carbon atoms, alkoxy, trifluoroalkyl, hydroxy, halogen, methylthio or aralkoxy,
 - R² represents:

- a C1-C10 alkyl group,

- a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more of the following groups:

- a C1-C10 alkyl group,

- a halogen group,

- a nitro group,

- hydroxy group,

- and/or an alkoxy group.

2. Compound according to claim 1, wherein the R group is the 3,4 methylene dioxy phenyl group of the formula:

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- 3. Compound according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the X group is preferably a fluorine group attached to position 4 in the phenyl ring.
- 4. Compound according to claim 1-3, wherein the ${\rm R}^2$ group represents a C1-C4 alkyl group.
 - $\label{eq:compound} \mbox{5. Compound according to claims 1-4, wherein } \\ \mbox{the R^2 group is a $C1-C2$ alkyl group.}$
- 6. Compound according to any of the previous 20 claims, having a solubility at about 20°C of at least about 10 mg per ml water.
 - 7. Compound according to claim 6, having a solubility in water of at least 100, preferably at least 500 and most preferably of at least 1000 mg per ml.
- 8. Process for preparing a compound according to any of the previous claims, comprising the steps of mixing together a compound, a salt and/or a base thereof, having the formula II:

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wherein:

- R represents an alkyl or alkynyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms, or a phenyl group optionally substituted by C_{1-4} alkyl, alkylthio, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, acylamino,
- 5 methylsulfonyl or methylenedioxy, or represents tetrahydronaphthyl,
 - R^1 represents hydrogen, trifluoro (C_{1-4}) alkyl, alkyl or alkynyl,
 - X represents hydrogen, alkyl having 1-4 carbon atoms,
- 10 alkoxy, trifluoroalkyl, hydroxy, halogen, methylthio or aralkoxy, with a sulfonic acid of the general formula R^2 SO_4H , wherein R^2 represents:
 - a C1-C10 alkyl group,
 - a phenyl group optionally substituted by one
- 15 or more of the following groups:
 - a C1-C10 alkyl group,
 - a halogen group,
 - a nitro group,
 - hydroxy group,
- and/or an alkoxy group,

to form a solution, whereafter the solid formed may be separated out.

- 9. Compound according to any of the claims 1-7 obtainable by the process according to claim 8.
- 25 10. Compound according to any of the claims 1-7 and 9, for use as a medicament.
 - 11. Medicament comprising a compound according to any of the claims 1-7, 9, 10 and pharmaceutically acceptable carriers/diluents.
- 12. Use of a compound according to any of the claims 1-7, 9, 10 for preparing a medicament.
 - 13. Use of a compound according to any of the claims 1-7 for the manufacture of a medicament for treating depressions, obsessive compulsive disorders,
- 35 panic disorders, bulimia, anorexia, pain, obesity, senile demential, migraine, anorexia, social phobia, depressions arising from pre-menstrual tension.

- 14. Use of a compound according to any of the claims 1-7, 9, 10 as a reagent in further syntheses.
- 15. Process for providing a salt ion or
 solvate, comprising the steps of mixing together a
 5 compound according to any of the claims 1-7, 9 and 10
 with a reagent selected from the group consisting
 essentially of:

hydrochloric acid

hydrobromic acid

10 hydriodic acid

acetic acid propionic acid maleic acid

fumaric acid

15 oxalic acid succinic acid

tartaric acid

citric acid

embonic acid/pamoic acid

sulfuric acid

water methanol ethanol

- 16. Salt obtainable by the process according to claim 15.
- 20 17. Salt according to claim 16, having a purity of at least 90 wt%, preferably at least 95 wt% and most preferably at least 98%.
 - 18. Paroxetine maleate having a purity of at least 98%.
- 25 19. Paroxetine acetate having a purity of at least 98%.
- 20. Process for providing a free base comprising the step of mixing together a compound according to any of the claims 1-7, 9, 10 with an organic and/or inorganic base.
 - 21. Process according to claim 20, wherein the base is selected from the group consisting essentially of: sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, ammonium hydroxide, sodium carbonate,
- 35 methylamine, dimethylamine, triethylamine, pyridine.
 - 22. A free base obtainable by the process according to claims 20 or 21, said free base having a purity of at least 95% and most preferably at least 98%.

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23. Paroxetine free base according to claim 22, having a purity of at least 98%.

Reference

Psychopharmacology, 57, 151-153 (1978)]; ibid. 68, 229-233 (1980), European Journal of Pharmacology, 47, 351-358 (1978)]; in USP 4007196, the preparation of paroxetine maleate is reported.